

Nicardipine continuous infusion

Fig1



Nicardipine 5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$  bolus injection

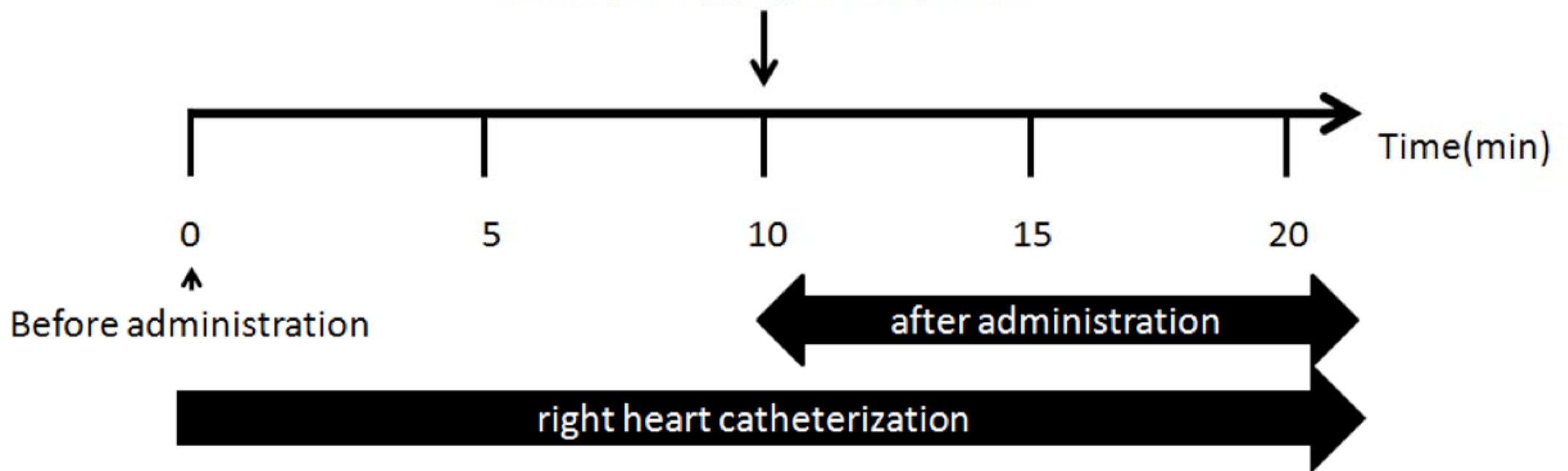
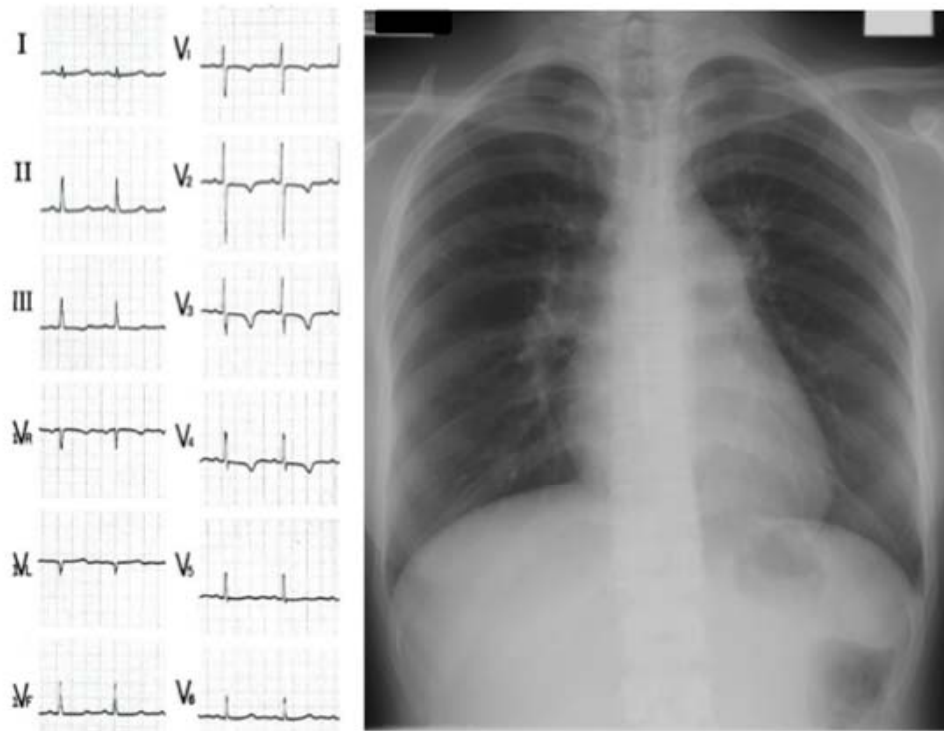


Fig2

(A)



(B)

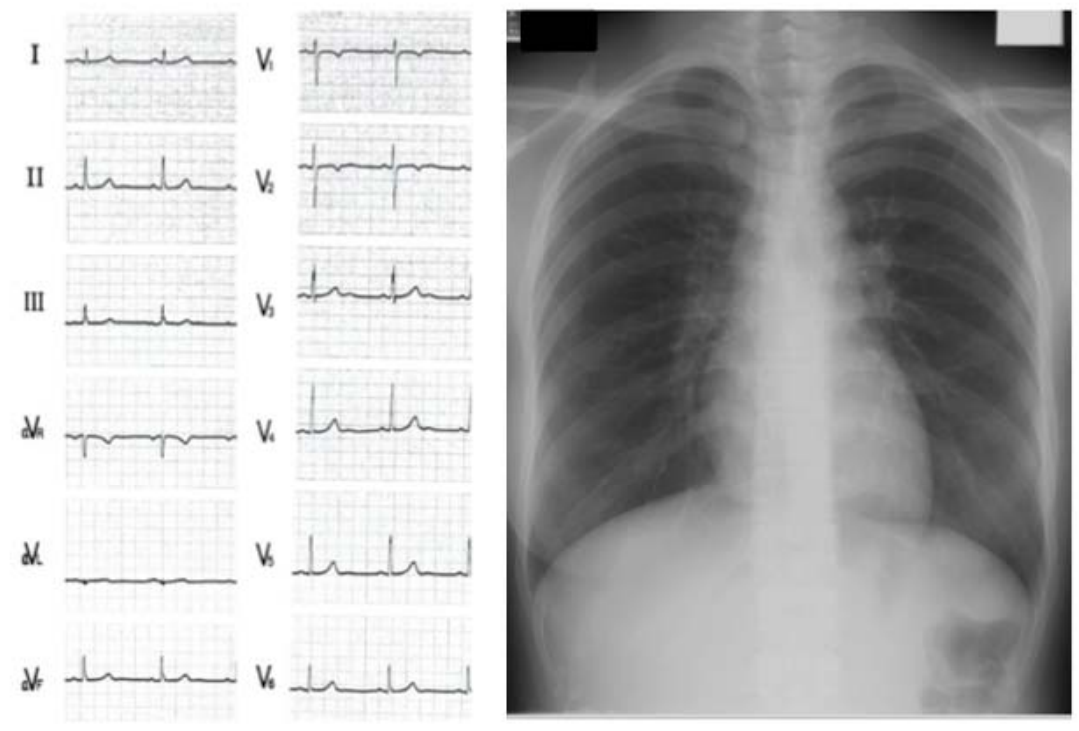
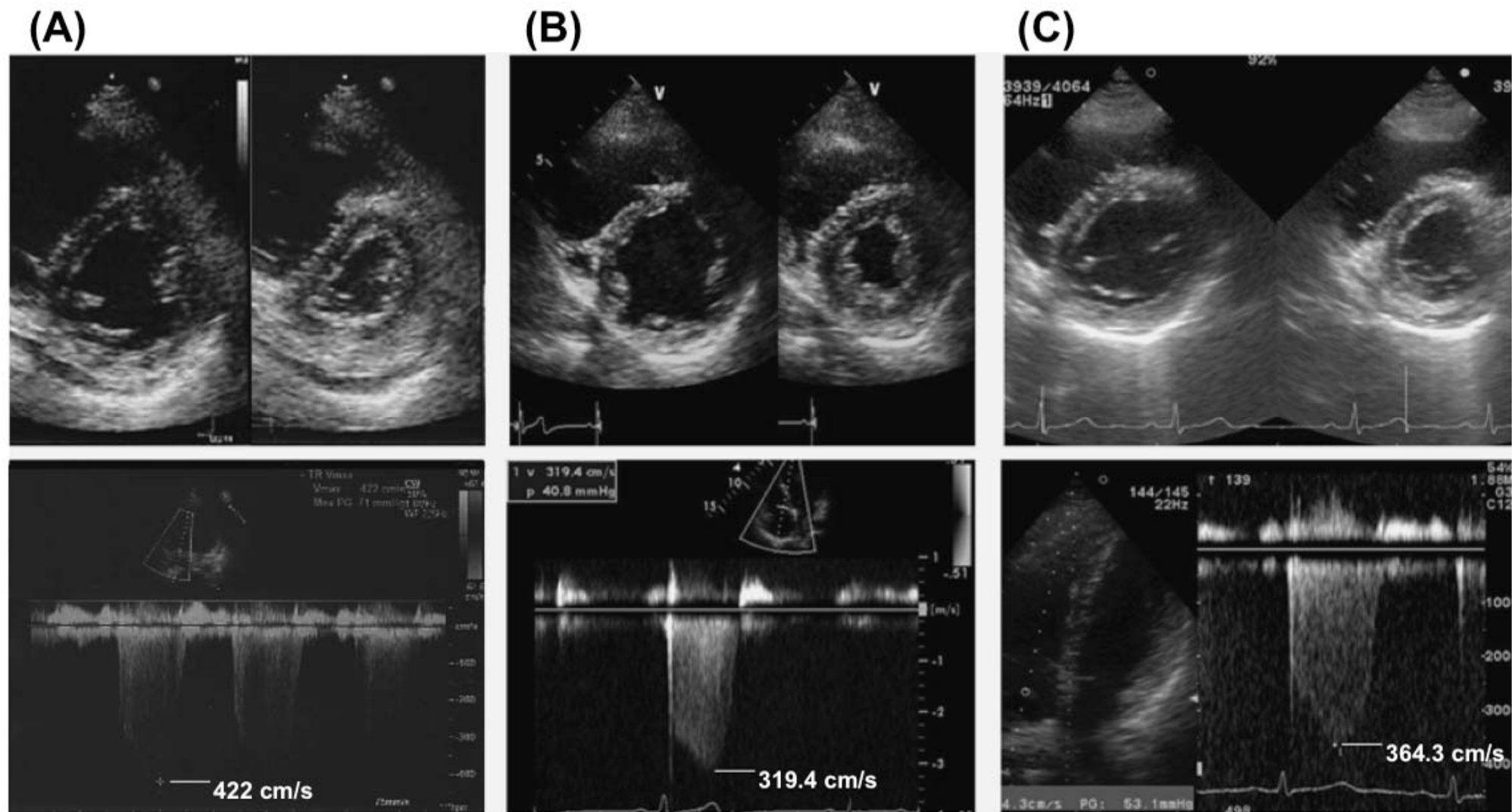


Fig3



**Table 1. Baseline Characteristics**

<b>Variable</b>	<b>All (n=65)</b>
<b>Sex-no. (%)</b>	
<b>Female</b>	<b>43(66.2)</b>
<b>Male</b>	<b>22(33.8)</b>
<b>Age (years)</b>	<b>37±17</b>
<b>Disease Duration (month)</b>	<b>48±73</b>
<b>Cause of PAH -no. (%)</b>	
<b>Idiopathic</b>	<b>45(69.2)</b>
<b>Congenital heart disease</b>	<b>9(13.8)</b> ASD;8, VSD;1
<b>Connective tissue disease</b>	<b>5(7.7)</b> SLE;3, SSc;1, MCTD;1
<b>Others</b>	<b>6(9.2)</b>
<b>Medications -no. (%)</b>	
<b>CCB</b>	<b>8(12.3)</b>
<b>Oral drug other than CCB</b>	<b>33(50.8)</b>
<b>Epoprostenol</b>	<b>8(12.3)</b>
<b>Clinical characteristics</b>	
<b>Height (cm)</b>	<b>161±9.0</b>
<b>Weight (kg)</b>	<b>56±13</b>
<b>Body mass index (kg/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>22±4.4</b>
<b>WHO functional class</b>	<b>2.4±0.6</b>
<b>BNP (pg/mL)</b>	<b>130±177</b>
<b>Hemodynamics</b>	
<b>Heart rate (/min)</b>	<b>78±15</b>
<b>BP (s/d/m) (mmHg)</b>	<b>113±17/62±12/79±13</b>
<b>PAP (s/d/m) (mmHg)</b>	<b>84±26/36±15/54±18</b>
<b>Right atrial pressure (mmHg)</b>	<b>3.9±3.6</b>
<b>CO (L/min)/CI(L/min/m<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>4.0±1.7/2.5±0.9</b>
<b>TPR (dyne·sec·cm<sup>-5</sup>)</b>	<b>1223±648</b>

PAH = pulmonary arterial hypertension; CCB = calcium channel blocker; s/d/m = systolic/diastolic/mean; BNP = plasma concentration of brain natriuretic

peptide; CO = cardiac output; CI = cardiac index, TPR = total pulmonary resistance; ASD = atrial septal defect, VSD = ventricular septal defect; SLE = systemic lupus erythematosus, SSc = systemic scleroderma, MCTD = mixed connective tissue disease

**Table 2. Hemodynamics during Nicardipine-challenging Test**

	<b>Pre</b>	<b>Post</b>
<b>Non-responder</b>		
<b>sBP (mmHg)</b>	<b>113±17</b>	<b>106±16</b>
<b>mPAP (mmHg)</b>	<b>54±18</b>	<b>54±19</b>
<b>CO (L/min)</b>	<b>4.0±1.7</b>	<b>4.5±1.8</b>
<b>TPR (dynes·sec·cm<sup>-5</sup>)</b>	<b>1236±646</b>	<b>1090±527</b>
<b>Responder 1</b>		
<b>sBP (mmHg)</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>99</b>
<b>sRVP (mmHg)</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>CO (L/min)</b>	<b>2.0*</b>	<b>3.0*</b>
<b>TPR (dynes·sec·cm<sup>-5</sup>)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Responder 2</b>		
<b>sBP (mmHg)</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>92</b>
<b>mPAP (mmHg)</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>CO (L/min)</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>7.3</b>
<b>TPR (dynes·sec·cm<sup>-5</sup>)</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>297</b>

\*S<sub>RA</sub>O<sub>2</sub> was substituted for S<sub>PA</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, and cardiac output was calculated by the Fick oxygen method.

sBP = systolic blood pressure; mPAP = mean pulmonary artery pressure; sRVP = systolic right ventricular pressure; CO = cardiac output; TPR = total pulmonary resistance